

Calcola i seguenti limiti:

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (2-x) \log(x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+2x-1}{2}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{\sqrt{x+4}}{x+1}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 64} x^{\frac{1}{6}} - x^{\frac{2}{3}}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/2} \frac{\sin(x)+\cos(x)}{2x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/4} \tan(x) + 8x$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 10} \log_{10}(x) + 2$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{e^x+e^{-x}}{e^x-2}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(\frac{\ln x}{e^{-x}} + \frac{2}{x} \right)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(\frac{\sin x}{\ln x} + \frac{1}{\cos x} \right)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{\arcsin x}{x-1}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \ln(\arccos(x))$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(\frac{1}{\sin x} \right)^{-\frac{1}{\sin x}}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(\ln \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) \right)^{e^{\frac{1}{x}}}$

Calcola i seguenti limiti, usando il teorema del confronto:

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3+\cos x}{x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2}{2+\sin(x)}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sin(x) - 3x)$

Calcola i seguenti limiti:

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2x-1}-\sqrt{2x+2}}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x^4 - x^2 - 9)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\sqrt{1-2x} - \sqrt{3-2x})$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (-2x^4 + x^3 - 2x^2)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - \cos 2x) \cot(x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\pi/2} (1 + \tan(x)) \cot x$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} (\sin(x) \cot^2 x)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3\pi}{2}} [(1 + \sin(x)) \tan^2(x)]$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^6-3x^4}{2x^2-2x+1}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x^2-2x+1+x^5}{3x^2-2x+1}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x^3-4x^2+6}{3x^2-2x+1}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2-2x+3x^3}{2x^4-x^2}$

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{3x^2+x-10}{x^2-5x-14}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3-1}{x^4-1}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^+} \frac{2x^2+9x-5}{4x^2-4x+1}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} \frac{x^2+x-6}{x^3+6x^2+9x}$

Calcola i seguenti limiti, che sfruttano i limiti notevoli studiati:

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 2x}{x^2}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2}{1-\cos x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-e^{2x}}{\sin x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1-\sqrt{\cos x}}{x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - \ln(x+1) - 1}{2x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{8x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [\ln(\tan x) - \ln(2x)]$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} e^{\frac{\sin x}{1-\cos^2 x + \sin 2x}}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \arctan \left(2 \cdot \frac{\cos x - 1}{\sin^2 x} \right)$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{2x} \right)}{\frac{1}{1-e^{\frac{1}{x}}}}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 2x}{x^2}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{2+x^2} - e^2}{1-\cos^2 x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{e^{\sin x} - \cos x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(1 + \frac{x}{2x^2+1} \right)^x$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3x-1}{3x+2} \right)^{\frac{x}{2}}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}^-} (1 - \cos x)^{\tan x}$
- $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{\sin 4x} - 1}{\ln(1+\tan x)}$